# **Bowl Round 5 - MIDDLE SCHOOL**

# First Quarter

(1) Prior to coining this three-word phrase, the organization that developed it controversially referred to one of its subjects as a "nincompoop." An iconic image displaying this phrase shows a man traveling by train from Independence, Missouri to Washington DC. A forecast by Arthur Sears Henning inspired this phrase, a prediction made after polls indicated a Democratic defeat in the 1948 election. For ten points, name this false headline published by the Chicago Daily Tribune.

#### **ANSWER: Dewey defeats Truman**

(2) One ruler of this country, Fasilides, established a new capital at the city of Gondar. The Jesuit Pedro Paez wrote a two volume history of this country, where the Oromo people migrated from south to north in the 16th century. This country is home to churches cut into the rock near the town of Lalibela. This country was ruled by members of the Solomonic Dynasty, like Zara Yaqob. For ten points, name this modern African country whose land was once ruled by the Kingdom of Axum on the Horn of Africa.

#### ANSWER: Ethiopia

(3) Darcus Howe was a civil rights leader in this country, where a race riot that inspired the Eddy Grant song "Electric Avenue" took place in Brixton. In 1968, a politician from this country delivered the controversial anti-immigration speech "Rivers of Blood." In addition to Enoch Powell, another racist in this country was responsible for the murder of a member of its parliament, Jo Cox, in 2017. For ten points, name this European country that committed racial discrimination in Caribbean colonies like Jamaica and Barbados.

ANSWER: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (accept Great Britain; accept England)

(4) This foodstuff was first made from a plant called teosinte [tay-oh-sin-tay]. In 1885, Charles Cretors invented a machine to make this foodstuff, which he displayed at the 1893 Chicago World's Fair. During World War II, sugar rations led to the tripling in consumption of this good, which the Redenbacher family started selling during the Great Depression. For ten points, name this food, a sweetened variety of which is found with peanuts in Cracker Jack, and which is the highest-selling food in American movie theaters.

#### ANSWER: **popcorn** (prompt on corn)

(5) This President introduced the ISF solidarity tax on wealth after running on the 110 Propositions platform. This man announced his country would give grants, not loans, to African nations in a speech at La Baule describing a "south wind" of democratization. This President, whose last meal was the illegal Ortolan bird, sunk the Greenpeace ship Rainbow Warrior and was forced to "cohabitate" with his rival Jacques Chirac. For ten points, name this first socialist President of France.

#### ANSWER: Francois Mitterand

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(6) A primary source about life in this empire is provided by the letters of Lady Mary Wortley Montagu. The murdered miniaturist Elegant Effendi works under this empire in Orhan Pamuk's novel My Name is Red. Cervantes's left hand was badly maimed while fighting against this empire as part of the Spanish contingent at the Battle of Lepanto. For ten points, name this empire where authors were patronized by nobles in 19th century Bursa and Istanbul.

#### ANSWER: Ottoman Empire

(7) Thirty-six members of this country's militia were killed in the Dawson massacre by Adrian Woll's troops. At an inauguration ceremony in this country, the outgoing president spoke for three hours, so Algernon Thompson had to read the inaugural speech for the incoming president, Mirabeau Lamar. In this country, the "regulators" and "moderators" feuded over land rights and cattle rustling. For ten points, name this country whose first presidential election, held in 1836, was contested by Stephen Austin and Sam Houston.

### ANSWER: Republic of **Texas**

(8) Description acceptable. Thomas Aquinas cited Genesis 1:28 [chapter 1, verse 28] as Biblical justification for this general action, so long as it was used as a means to divine happiness. The "spoilage" and "enough and as good" provisions limit the right to this practice, according to John Locke, who stated that this practice became legitimate through the mixing of labor. Rousseau's Discourse on Inequality blames all the world's "crimes, wars, and murders" on this practice, which takes place through enclosure of the commons. For ten points, name this practice that Locke sought to protect alongside life and liberty.

ANSWER: <u>own</u>ing private <u>property</u> (accept equivalents; accept descriptions relating to <u>buy</u>ing <u>property</u>; accept <u>land</u>, <u>good</u>s, <u>thing</u>s, etc. as substitutes for property; accept the <u>pursuit of property</u> and similar phrases after "spoilage" is read; prompt on partial answers)

### **Second Quarter**

(1) This man accidentally sunk John Tyler's attempts to annex Texas after a letter to Richard Pakenham hoping for the expansion of slavery was exposed. While serving as James Monroe's Secretary for War, this man successfully set up the Bureau of Indian Affairs. This man penned an "Exposition and Protest" condemning the Tariff of Abominations, arguing that states should have a right to nullify federal laws. For ten points, name this member of the Great Triumvirate from South Carolina.

ANSWER: John C. Calhoun

BONUS: During Calhoun's vice presidency, his wife Floride provoked this scandal by refusing to speak with the Secretary of War's wife over allegations of adultery.

ANSWER: Petticoat Affair (accept Peggy Eaton Affair)

(2) This city includes the Vila Amaury attraction, an underwater village submerged in the artificial Lake Paranoa. Construction on this city began as the result of the "fifty years of progress in five" plan under Juscelino Kubitschek. It was built to take on the shape of an airplane by Lucio Costa. Oscar Niemeyer was commissioned to design this city as its government sought to move to a more central location from Rio de Janeiro. For ten points, name the capital of Brazil.

ANSWER: **Brasilia** 

BONUS: The airplane shape of Brasilia was inspired by the work of what Swiss-French architect who designed the city of Chandigarh in the 1950s?

ANSWER: **Le Corbusier** (or Charles-Edouard **Jeanneret**)

(3) Legends about this site hold that it was originally built for Precha Ket Mealea. An early visitor to this site, Zhou Daguan, wrote that it was built in one night by a divine hand. This site features a mural of 92 asuras and 88 devas using the serpent Vasuki to churn the Sea of Milk. Though it was first built to honor Vishnu by Suryavarman II, this site was later rededicated to become a Buddhist place of worship. For ten points, name this temple complex constructed by the Khmer empire, a national symbol on the Cambodian flag.

ANSWER: Angkor Wat

BONUS: The Khmer civilization supported itself by using barays, including some built at Angkor Wat, to store water from this lake in Cambodia. This lake is the largest in Southeast Asia.

ANSWER: Tonle Sap

(4) This process led to the martyring of the Bandiera Brothers. The Battle of Solferino helped accelerate this process by forcing Austria to cede land in the Treaty of Zurich. This process spread to the southern regions with the Expedition of the Thousand. Count Cavour helped engineer this process alongside Giuseppe Garibaldi. For ten points, name this process which resulted in a new nation centered at Rome.

ANSWER: <u>Italian unification</u> (accept the <u>Risorgimento</u>)

BONUS: Italian unification was largely successful due to the efforts of this kingdom, led by Cavour for its king Victor Emmanuel II. It was named for an island and a region of northwestern Italy.

ANSWER: Kingdom of **Sardinia-Piedmont** (accept either or both underlined portions)

(5) After losing a vote, this politician said that he understood the result as meaning "Until next time", and he later coined the term "good risk" strategy when compromising on a piece of legislation. This politician embraced Pierre Trudeau's plan to patriate the constitution but wound up refusing to approve it, which came from a more cooperative approach this politician took after earlier passing the Charter of the French Language, or Bill 101. For ten points, name this premier of Quebec from 1976 to 1985, the founder and first leader of the Parti Québécois.

ANSWER: René **Lévesque** 

BONUS: Before entering Quebec politics, Levesque was part of the American force that liberated this major south-German concentration camp in April 1945.

ANSWER: Dachau

(6) This nation achieved recognition in the Twelve Years' Truce, which was eventually broken when this nation was attacked by the Duke of Olivares. The Council of Blood was set up to quell insurrections in this nation by the Duke of Alba, who had been deployed by Philip II. The Peace of Westphalia formally ended this nation's Eighty Years' War with Spain and granted it its independence. For ten points, name this Low Country whose independence struggle was led by the House of Orange.

ANSWER: The **Netherlands** (or **Holland**)

BONUS: The resistance against the Spanish was led by this stadtholder from the House of Orange. He financed the Sea Beggars to attack Spanish shipping, but was assassinated by Balthasar Gerard.

ANSWER: William the Silent (or William I; prompt on William (of Orange))

(7) Pimachoiwin Aki is a proposed UNESCO site that lies to the east of this body of water. The settlement of New Iceland was founded on this body of water in the 1800s. This body of water is the source of the Nelson River and the South Saskatchewan River empties into it. This is the largest body of water that was formerly part of Lake Agassiz during the Last Glacial Period. For the point, name this largest lake in Manitoba which shares its name with Manitoba's capital city.

#### ANSWER: Lake Winnipeg

BONUS: This town along the shores of Lake Winnipeg gained fame after Air Canada Flight 143 crash landed due to a metric/imperial conversion error. The plane involved in that incident is known as this town's "glider".

ANSWER: Gimli

(8) A group of artists from this country known as "Los grande tres" [los grand-ay trace] were commissioned for murals in public buildings by Minister of Education Jose Vasconcelos. Jose Posada's prints made in this country often feature calaveras or skeletons. Another artist from this country sparked outrage by including a portrait of Vladimir Lenin in his Man at the Crossroads. For ten points, name this country home to muralist Diego Rivera and his wife, Frida Kahlo.

ANSWER: Mexico (or the United Mexican States)

BONUS: This French artist was inspired by Francisco Goya's 3rd of May, 1808 to paint the execution of Mexico's Emperor Maximilian.

ANSWER: Edouard Manet

# **Third Quarter**

The categories are ...

- 1. US Presidents Before They Were Presidents
- 2. Russia
- 3. French Colonial History

US Presidents Before They Were Presidents

Concerning pre-Presidential careers, name the...

(1) President who contracted polio before winning 4 elections.

ANSWER: **F**ranklin Delano **Roosevelt** (or **FDR**)

(2) Third US president, who designed his own home estate of Monticello.

ANSWER: Thomas **Iefferson** 

(3) President who served as a Five-Star General during World War II.

ANSWER: Dwight D. Eisenhower

(4) President who defeated Tenskwatawa [tensk-wah-ta-wah] at Tippecanoe and used the victory in his campaign slogan.

ANSWER: **W**illiam Henry **Harrison** (prompt on Harrison)

(5) President who was a Governor of Arkansas and ran with a Tennessee Senator, Al Gore.

ANSWER: William Jefferson "Bill" Clinton (accept William Jefferson Blythe)

(6) Asian country where William Howard Taft served as governor-general from 1901 to 1903.

ANSWER: The **Philippines** 

Russia

Name the...

(1) "Terrible" tsar who killed his son and ruled Russia in the 16th century.

ANSWER: **Ivan** the Terrible (or **Ivan** IV)

(2) Religion followed by the traveler Ibn Fadlan, which the Rus briefly considered converting to before they found out it prohibited alcohol.

ANSWER: Islam

(3) Tsar who opened Russia to the west with a Grand Embassy in the late 17th century.

ANSWER: **Peter the Great** (or **Peter I**; prompt on Peter)

(4) Nobleman who built fake villages to impress Catherine the Great and names a battleship whose men mutinied in 1905.

ANSWER: Grigory **Potemkin** (accept Battleship **Potemkin**)

(5) Mongol leader, the grandfather of Kublai Khan, who sent Subutai to attack the Kievan Rus in the 1220s.

ANSWER: Genghis Khan (accept Chinggis Khan; accept Temujin)

(6) Prince who defeated the Teutonic Knights at the Battle on the Ice at Lake Peipus.

ANSWER: Alexander Nevsky

French Colonial History

Name the...

(1) Founder of the Fifth Republic who gave Algeria its independence.

ANSWER: Charles de Gaulle

(2) Egyptian waterway targeted by France, Israel, and Great Britain in a 1956 Crisis.

ANSWER: **Suez** Canal (accept **Suez** Crisis)

(3) Colony whose independence movement was led by Ho Chi Minh.

ANSWER: Vietnam (or French Indochina)

(4) 1954 battle in that colony in which France was defeated by Vo Nguyen Giap.

ANSWER: Battle of Dien Bien Phu

(5) Emperor who colonized Senegal and less successfully installed Maximilian I in Mexico.

ANSWER: Napoleon III (do not accept or prompt on Napoleon (Bonaparte))

(6) Colonial border crisis in 1898 in which British and French troops stood off in Sudan.

ANSWER: **Fashoda** incident (or crisis, etc.)

### **Fourth Quarter**

[1] In 1956, the leader of this organization wrote an open letter claiming that T.R.M. Howard's "false charges" were "a disservice to common decency." In 1971, a "Citizens' Commission" used the broadcast of the Ali-Frazier "Fight of the Century" as a distraction to successfully raid one of this organization's (+) suburban offices in Media, Pennsylvania. That burglary recovered documents used by the Church Committee to declassify this organization's (\*) COINTELPRO project, which illegally targeted activists like Martin Luther King, Jr. with illegal surveillance. For ten points, name this American law enforcement agency that was led for nearly 5 decades by J. Edgar Hoover.

ANSWER: Federal Bureau of Investigation (or FBI)

[2] Thomas Aquinas's "Pange lingua" forms the basis of one of these pieces by Josquin des Prez [joh-skan dez prezz]. One of these compositions includes material originally written for the death of Augustus II and accession of Augustus III of Poland, and unusually calls one movement (+) "Symbolum Nicenum." Another of these works supposedly convinced the Council of Trent to not ban polyphony and was written for Pope (\*) Marcellus by Giovanni Palestrina. J.S. Bach wrote a B minor example of, for ten points, what type of sacred musical work that includes Credo and Kyrie movements and sets the weekly Catholic liturgy?

ANSWER: masses (do not accept requiem mass)

(3) One politician with this surname was the target of a foiled coup attempt, Operation Midnight Jackal, and her husband earned the label "Mr. Ten Percent" for receiving government kickbacks. Another leader with this surname declared that his country would obtain a (+) nuclear weapon "even if we have to eat grass" and refused to recognize the Awami League; that politician was deposed by Zia al-Huq in Operation Fair Play. A woman with this surname was (\*) assassinated in 2008 by a suicide bomber while on the campaign trail. For ten points, name this surname held by two former prime ministers of Pakistan, Zulfikar and Benazir.

ANSWER: Bhutto family (accept Benazir and/or Zulfikar Ali Bhutto)

(4) Syagrius lost the Battle of Soissons [swah-sohn] to a ruler of these people, who also beat the Visigoths at the Battle of Vouille [VOO-ye]. Subgroups of these people included the Ripuarians and the Salians. After the Battle of Tertry, the (+) Arnulfing Clan of these people grew power as Mayors of the Palace. A ruler of these people was crowned by Pope Leo III on Christmas Day. This group included the (\*) Merovingian Dynasty and its leaders included Pepin the Short and Clovis. Charlemagne was a leader of, for ten points, what Germanic group that eventually settled in Gaul?

ANSWER: Franks

(5) For designing one of these facilities, John Cockcroft and Ernest Walton won a Nobel Prize in 1951. After already spending 2 billion dollars, the development of one of these facilities named the SSC was canceled by (+) Congress in 1993. Public safety concerns were raised after people thought one of these facilities built by CERN was capable of producing black (\*) holes. The Tevatron and the RHIC are examples of, for ten points, what scientific devices used to study physics at the atomic level, such as the Large Hadron Collider?

ANSWER: **particle accelerator**s (prompt on "atom-smasher" and other colloquial terms for a thing that bashes particles together and/or makes them go really fast)

(6) This man created a branch of philosophy inspired by Jan Jakob Maria de Groot called Universism. During the Great Depression, this defense minister sent troops to break the Menstad conflict, and as prime minister, he created the (+) Hirden paramilitary. Following the German invasion of his country in Operation Weser Exercise, this man launched a coup via radio broadcast. This man was executed in (\*) Akershus Fortress in 1945 after he collaborated with the SS in the Holocaust. The Nasjonal Samling party was led by, for ten points, what infamous Norwegian traitor?

ANSWER: Vidkun Quisling

(7) <u>Description acceptable. One side in this war outnumbered the other eleven to seven in terms of massive military units called Akshauhini [ahk-shao-hee-nee]. In this war, (+) Bhishma's body was shot so full of arrows that he was disabled before his body touched the ground. A charioteer in this eighteen-day battle told his (\*) companion archer that he must not be afraid to face his family in single combat. The Kauravas faced off against the Pandavas in, for ten points, what war in which Krishna advises Arjuna in an Indian epic poem?</u>

ANSWER: <u>Kurukshetra</u> War (accept descriptions of the <u>war</u> (or <u>battle</u>, etc.) from the <u>Mahabharata</u> and/or the <u>Bhagavad Gita</u>; accept the <u>war</u> between the <u>Kauravas and Pandavas</u> before "Kauravas" is read)

(8) The regional imbalance that made this policy necessary may have been caused by resentment against Regulation 17. The Easter Riots broke out after a man was arrested in a bowling alley for not having papers related to this policy. A former (+) Prime Minister led a rump party opposed to this policy in the first federal election in which some Canadian women were allowed to vote. (\*) Robert Bourassa led the opposition to this wartime policy in Le Devoir. For ten points, what policy was imposed in Canada by the Military Service Act, 1917?

ANSWER: conscription

## **Extra Question**

Only read if you need a backup or tiebreaker!

(1) <u>Due to anti-Semitism</u>, one leader of this country changed his last name from Kohn before assuming power. Despite not having a navy, this country was ruled during the interwar period by an admiral who accommodated the fascist (+) Arrow Cross Party. Following World War I, this country underwent a brief period of Communist government under (\*) Bela Kun. For ten points, name this country that lost Slovakia and Transylvania after World War I, but kept the region around its capital of Budapest.

ANSWER: Hungary (accept Magyarorszag)

BONUS: During the Great Depression in Canada, what name was colloquially given to cars without its engines or windows and pulled by horses?

ANSWER: **Bennett Buggy**