

# Bee Round 4

## Regulation Questions

- (1) This dynasty's capital was moved when the king attempted to avoid joining the "strife of the Princes." Toyotomi Hideyoshi's attempts to conquer this dynasty were thwarted after the Battle of Myeongnyang, where Yi Sun-sin used turtle ships to defeat the Japanese navy. This dynasty became known as the "Hermit Kingdom" for its isolationism. For the point, name this Korean dynasty that was ruled by Sejong the Great.

ANSWER: **Joseon** Dynasty

- (2) This man managed to win an engagement at Nomonhan to turn back a foreign invasion in the Khalkhin Gol campaign. In his later career, this man led the special force that arrested Lavrenty Beria. This man commanded the first Belorussian Front in his final battle and accepted Germany's Instrument of Surrender as the Soviet representative. For the point, name this general of the Soviet Union who was victorious at Berlin and Stalingrad.

ANSWER: Georgy **Zhukov**

- (3) The Donald Trump baby balloon was flown in this city during a 2018 visit by Trump. Boris Johnson served as mayor of this city until he was succeeded in 2016 by Sadiq Khan. In 2000, this city opened what was then the world's tallest Ferris Wheel which was named this city's "Eye". A massive clock tower in this city is located beside the Houses of Parliament in this city. The river Thames flows through, for the point, what capital city of Great Britain?

ANSWER: **London**

- (4) This thinker originated the adage "if the only thing you have is a hammer" "it is tempting [...] to treat everything as a nail." This thinker coined a term for people who fear success, the "Jonah Complex," and wrote *The Farther Reaches of Human Nature* in which he discussed "peak experiences." In a landmark 1943 work, this thinker developed a scale that begins with physiological motivations and culminates with self-actualization. For the point, name this psychologist who developed a "hierarchy of needs."

ANSWER: Abraham **Maslow**

- (5) This city houses the Exquisite Jade Rock, a large boulder allegedly salvaged after a cargo ship bringing it to the royal family sank. Though its "New" variant no longer exists, a temple venerating Huo Guang and Chen Huacheng here is referred to as the Old City God Temple. The International Settlement of this city now forms part of the Bund waterfront. For the point, name this city on the Yangtze River delta, the most populous in China.

ANSWER: **Shanghai**

(6) This country abandoned the Hallstein doctrine after the signing of the Basic Treaty. This country's economic miracle occurred under the leadership of its first leader Konrad Adenauer. Another leader of this country improved relations with an Eastern neighbor using the Ostpolitik policy. This country's capital was located at Bonn. For the point, name this former European country which reunited with East Germany in 1990.

ANSWER: **West Germany** or **GDR** (prompt on Germany until the word "neighbor" in line 3, after which, do not accept "Germany" on its own)

(7) This US state was the site of both Prosser's Rebellion and Bacon's Rebellion. This state's plantation economy developed among its York and James Rivers. The state was the site of the Civil War battles of Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville as well as its primary surrender site at Appomattox Court House. For the point, name this East Coast state, which was named for Queen Elizabeth, and which along with Maryland, originally provided the land on which Washington, DC was to be situated.

ANSWER: **Virginia**

(8) This writing team listed "Whitney and his cotton gin," "Fulton and his steamboat," and "Ford and his Lizzie" as people who were laughed at in a love song written for Ginger Rogers. DuBose Heyward worked with this team on a work that notes "Li'l David was small, but oh my! He fought big Goliath, who lay down an' dieth" after warning "The things that you're li'ble / to read in the Bible [...] It ain't necessarily so." For the point, name this writer/composer team behind Porgy and Bess, a pair of brothers named Ira and George.

ANSWER: Ira and George **Gershwin** (accept the **Gershwin** brothers)

(9) This meeting controversially awarded the town of Olivenca to Portugal, stirring Spanish opposition. The terms of this meeting had been laid out in the Treaty of Chaumont and created the modern Kingdom of the Netherlands. The Final Act summed up the provisions of this meeting, which included the restoration of monarchs to pre-war thrones and the creation of the Concert of Europe. For the point, name this meeting that was staffed by Klemens von Metternich in 1814-15, following the Napoleonic Wars.

ANSWER: **Congress of Vienna**

(10) This leader's government was compromised when General Pacepa fled to the United States, forcing him to reorganize the Securitate. Pastor Laszlo Tokes [toh-kesh] was pressured to leave his church by this leader, who issued Decree 770 banning abortion. After failing to suppress protests in Timisoara, this dictator was forced to flee, but he and his wife Elena were executed on Christmas Day 1989. For the point, name this last Communist leader of Romania.

ANSWER: Nicolae **Ceausescu** [cho-chess-koo]

- (11) Gaius Petronius sacked a city in what is now this country after an attack by Amanirenas. The name Candace is derived from the title for queens who ruled a kingdom in this modern-day country. Piye, the son of a king from this modern-day country named Kashta, conquered Egypt and founded the 25th Dynasty. Napata and Meroe were capitals of the Kingdom of Kush, which was located largely in this modern country. The southern part of Nubia lies in, for the point, what modern-day nation that shares a border with Egypt?

ANSWER: **Sudan** (do not accept **South Sudan**)

- (12) A group of these animals were transplanted to Yakutia, Russia, to replace a steppe species of this animal that has been extinct for 6000 years. A common method for hunting these animals was to use fire to drive them off a cliff, as was done at Head-Smashed-In Jump. Legendarily, some trains were slowed down to allow passengers to shoot these animals for sport. For the point, name these large herbivores which dominated the Great Plains before the 1800s.

ANSWER: American **Bison** [accept Plains **Bison** or Wood **Bison**; accept **Bison bison**; accept **buffalo** even though that is not quite correct]

- (13) A king of this country defended Belgrade from the Ottoman Empire in 1456. Suleiman the Magnificent captured this country at the Battle of Mohacs [moh-hotch]. Matthias Corvinus and Janos Hunyadi [YAH-nohsh hoon-yah-dee] were kings of this country, which was ruled for three centuries by the Arpad Dynasty. Saint Stephen I ruled the Magyars in, for the point, what country with capital at Budapest?

ANSWER: **Hungary**

- (14) The scholar Bart Ehrman wrote a popular-audience book titled for "Misquoting" this person. This person is commonly depicted in iconography in a pose called this man "Pantocrator." Albert Schweitzer wrote a book titled for The Quest of the Historical this man. According to some accounts, this man said his purpose was not to abolish the law, but to fulfill it. For the point, name this Judean man affirmed by a certain religion as the son of God.

ANSWER: **Jesus Christ** (accept either underlined portion; accept **Joshua ben Joseph** or **Yeshua ben Yosef**; or **Isa** bin Yusuf; or **Joshua of Nazareth**; or **Yeshua ha-Nostri**)

- (15) The title character of this work is referred to as a "elvish-marked, abortive, rooting hog" during a series of curses by Margaret. In the beginning of this work, the protagonist claims "Now is the winter of our discontent / Made glorious summer by this son of York." Henry VII's forces kill the title character at the Battle of Bosworth Field in, for the point, what Shakespeare play about the end of the Wars of the Roses, named for the defeated king?

ANSWER: **Richard III**

(16) A battle in this year is commemorated by a monument on Hill 145. Henri Bourassa overcame an old rivalry with the Liberals in this year. Robert Borden led his Union government to victory over the Laurier Liberals in an election in this year, which was fought over conscription. This year saw Canadian troops fight at Hill 70 and Passchendaele and win a notable victory at Vimy Ridge. For the point, name this year, one year before the end of World War I.

ANSWER: **1917**

(17) In a speech announcing the creation of the OAAU, this man stated that white people were not allowed to join, but that he might accept John Brown if he was still alive. A leader of Temple Number Seven ordered an attack on this man a year prior to his murder at the Audubon Ballroom. For the point, name this black nationalist who was assassinated in 1965 after a dispute with the Nation of Islam.

ANSWER: **Malcolm X** (accept Malcolm **Little**; accept el-Hajj Malik **el-Shabazz**)

(18) One ruler of this place founded the Order of the Golden Fleece and was the patron of Jan van Eyck. Leaders of this region fought the Armagnacs after previously murdering the Duke of Orleans. The last ruler of this region was defeated by Lorraine and Swiss armies at the Battle of Nancy, after which this region was annexed by the House of Valois. John the Fearless and Charles the Bold ruled, for the point, what eastern French duchy renowned for its red wine?

ANSWER: Duchy of **Burgundy**

(19) This man's early investing in Story Farm made him enough money to purchase the Keystone Bridge Company; he later expanded again by buying out the Homestead factory. This man noted that the wealthy had a duty to improve the lot of the less fortunate in his Gospel of Wealth. In 1901, this man sold his Pittsburgh-based company for 480 million to J.P. Morgan, who rebranded it as US Steel. For the point, name this Scottish-American magnate of the Gilded Age.

ANSWER: Andrew **Carnegie**

(20) The Song of Roland recounts the death of one of this man's commanders during the Battle of Roncevaux Pass. His employment of scholars such as Alcuin of York led to the start of the Carolingian Renaissance which continued under the rule of his successor Louis the Pious. This ruler's grandsons divided his empire in the Treaty of Verdun. For the point, name this Frankish King and first Holy Roman Emperor.

ANSWER: **Charlemagne**

(21) While communicating by Charles Elliott by mail, Lord Palmerston called this city a "barren island with hardly a house." Murray MacLehose was the longest-serving governor of this colony. Chris Patten served as the final governor of this city before it became governed under Deng Xiaoping's "One Country, Two Systems" principle along with Macau. The Treaty of Nanking transferred, for the point, what island that was reverted back to Chinese control in 1997?

ANSWER: British **Hong Kong**

(22) After this region's elk population decreased, Stewart Udall issued the Leopold Report on ecosystem management. The Teton Range is to the south of this national park, which contains a feature that erupts roughly every 75 minutes. Old Faithful can be found in, for the point, what large national park that was created in 1872 and takes up much of Wyoming?

ANSWER: **Yellowstone** National Park

(23) A series of taxes proposed by this man angered the elite and led to a constitutional crisis over his People's Budget. This leader remained in power after the Coupon Election despite his feud with H. H. Asquith. This man served as a moderating presence between Georges Clemenceau and Woodrow Wilson. For the point, name this last Liberal Prime Minister of Great Britain who helped negotiate the Treaty of Versailles.

ANSWER: David **Lloyd George** (prompt on George)

(24) An agreement between Canada and the United States concerning this industry was found illegal by the WTO in 2001. The first plant for this industry in Canada was located in Walkerville, just outside of Windsor. In 2018, it was announced that a plant for this industry that is the leading employer of Oshawa, Ontario, would close. Plans for the Model C were received from colleagues across the Detroit River in order to start this industry in Canada. For the point, what industry was bolstered by Ontario's proximity to Henry Ford's base of operations?

ANSWER: **Automotive** Industry (or **carmaking**)

(25) This man worked with Donald Bayley in producing the Delilah system of portable voice communications. With Alonzo Church, this man outlined the possibilities of lambda calculus, and in his most famous role, he improved upon the Polish bombe system while working in Hut 8 at Bletchley Park. This man is the namesake of a law that retroactively pardons homosexual men. The German Enigma code was broken with the help of, for the point, what English "father of modern computer science?"

ANSWER: Alan **Turing**

(26) The foundations of a never-complete "Palace" in this city later became the world's largest open-air swimming pool. This city was the target of Operation Typhoon during World War II, and Germany's failure to capture it marked the end of Operation Barbarossa. Military parades were often held in this city's Red Square. The Kremlin is located in, for the point, what capital of the Soviet Union and Russia?

ANSWER: **Moscow**

(27) Education in this language was restricted by Premier James Whitney in Regulation 17, leading to resistance that culminated in the Battle of the Hatpins. Amanda Simard resigned from Doug Ford's party in response to his cuts targeting this language, including cancelling a university that would use this language. For the point, name this language spoken by a minority in Ontario, also an official language of Canada.

ANSWER: **French**

(28) One holder of this position had the nickname “Gothicus” and won the Battle of Naissus. This position was auctioned off to Didius Julianus. The “Barracks” type of these people were common in the third century AD. These people formed the Severan Dynasty. The deaths of Galba and Otho and the fall of Vitellius caused there to be four holders of this position in AD 69. The Praetorian Guard worked for the holder of, for the point, what position first held by Octavian?

ANSWER: **Roman Emperor** (prompt on “Emperor” or “leader of Rome;” do not accept “king of Rome”)

(29) This man is shown kneeling in the snow beside a white horse in an Arnold Friberg painting, a depiction of a story in which Isaac Potts supposedly saw this man praying for a blessing for his troops. A painting depicting this man entitled Parson Weems’ Fable depicts him as a child before his father, to whom he said he could not tell a lie. For the point, name this US president who allegedly chopped down a cherry tree as a child.

ANSWER: George **Washington**

(30) A diplomat from this country served as UN Secretary General from 1972 to 1981 and was accused of war crimes committed during World War II. The city of Innsbruck is located in its state of Tyrol, while its second largest city is Graz. Schonbrunn Palace is located in this country’s capital which is situated on the Danube river. For the point, name this European country with capital Vienna.

ANSWER: **Austria**

## Extra Question

Only read if moderator botches a question.

(1) This empire’s capital city was built on top of the older capital of Yasodharapura. This empire was supplied with water by massive reservoirs called barays, and it declined in importance after an invasion by the Cham people. This empire’s capital was located near modern Siem Reap and contains the world’s largest religious complex, Angkor Wat. For the point, name this empire that, for six centuries ending in 1431, ruled what is now Cambodia.

ANSWER: **Khmer** Empire